Labcorp Oklahoma, Inc. Test Directory

Treponemal Antibody Analyzer

ive

Non-

React

ive

Reactive

perform

Reactive

ed

Order Name: Treponemal AB AN

Test Number: 5500607 Revision Date: 12/01/2025

TEST NAME			METHODOLOGY	LOINC CODE
Treponemal Antibody for the Analyzer Chemiluminescence Assay 4726-5				4726-5
Treponemal Antib	oody Index		Calculation	n/a
SPECIMEN REQU	JIREMENTS			
Specimen	en Specimen Volume (min) Specimen Type Specimen Container Transport Environment			

SPECIMEN REQUIREMENTS						
Specimen	Specimen Volume (min)	Specimen Volume (min) Specimen Type Specimen Container Tran		Transport Environment		
Preferred	3 mL (0.6 mL)	Serum Clot Activator SST		Refrigerated		
Instructions	Stability: Ambient 3 days. Refrigerated 7 days. Frozen 30 days.					
				,		

GENERAL INFORMATION						
Testing Schedule	Mon - Sat					
Expected TAT	1-2 Days					
Clinical Use	TREPON EMAL ANTIBO DY (CLIA)	NON- TREP ONEM AL (RPR)	TREPON EMAL ANTIBO DY (TPPA)	RESULT LONG NAME		
	Non- Reactive	Not Perfo rmed	Not Perform ed	No laboratory evidence of syphilis. If recent exposure is suspected, submit a new sample for testing in 2-4 weeks		
	Reactive	Non- React ive	Non- Reactive	If the Treponemal Antibody detected has a low antibody index (<4.05) by the CLIA method with the absence of confirmation by it is due to either a patient with a very early Syphilis infection or a false positive. The Treponemal Antibody assay using the CLIA method is more sensitive than either the Nontreponemal Antibody (RPR) or the Tris also a Treponemal Ab assay. The clinical history is key in determining whether it is a false positive or a very early stage of in		
				recent exposure is suspected, submit a new sample for testing in 2-4 weeks; however, if the clinical suspicion is low, it is most positive, and no further testing is needed.		
	Reactive	React	Not	Treponemal with Nontreponemal antibodies indicate a current or recent past infection. A thorough clinical evaluation is recommended in the contract of the con		

for active signs and symptoms or a history of a recent infection.

Approximately 84-90% of infected patients will remain positive for Treponemal antibody for life and the other 10-16% will be polyears. Post-treatment monitoring should be performed using only the Nontreponemal antibody (RPR) assay to evaluate treatment

Only Treponemal antibodies detected, thus most likely consistent with past syphilis infection. Clinical evaluation should be performed signs and symptoms or past history of infection. If past history of treatment is reported, no further management is need recent exposure is suspected, submit a new sample for testing in 2-4 weeks.

All Rights Reserved. © 2003 - 2025

Service provided by Labcorp Oklahoma, Inc.

